

FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2025 AND 2024

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Focused on YOU



Basic Financial Statements For the Years Ended June 30, 2025 and 2024

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors
Dublin San Ramon Services District/
East Bay Municipal Utility District Recycled Water Authority
Oakland, California

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Dublin San Ramon Services District/East Bay Municipal Utility District Recycled Water Authority (the "Authority") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2025, and the related notes to the financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Authority as of June 30, 2025, and the changes in financial position, and cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the State Controller's Minimum Audit Standards for California Special Districts. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Authority and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Authority's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the State Controller's Minimum Audit Standards for California Special Districts will always detect a material





To the Board of Directors
Dublin San Ramon Services District/
East Bay Municipal Utility District Recycled Water Authority

misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the State Controller's Minimum Audit Standards for California Special Districts we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or
 error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
 examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
 appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of
 the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting
 estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Authority's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis as listed on the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Summarized Comparative Information

We have previously audited the financial statements of the Authority for the year ended June 30, 2024, and expressed an unmodified audit opinion on those financial statements in our report dated October 9, 2024. In our opinion, the summarized comparative information presented herein as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which it has been derived.



To the Board of Directors
Dublin San Ramon Services District/
East Bay Municipal Utility District Recycled Water Authority

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 7, 2025, on our consideration of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Authority's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

LSL, LLP

Sacramento, California November 7, 2025

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Years Ended June 30, 2025 and 2024

This section presents management's analysis of the Dublin San Ramon Services District/East Bay Municipal Utility District Recycled Water Authority (the "Authority") financial condition and activities as of and for the years ended June 30, 2025 and 2024. Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is intended to serve as an introduction to the Agency's basic financial statements. The MD&A represents management's examination and analysis of the Authority's financial condition and performance.

This information should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements that follow this section. The information in the MD&A is presented under the following headings:

- Organization and Business
- Overview of the Financial Statements
- Financial Analysis
- Request for Information

Organization and Business

The Dublin San Ramon Services District/East Bay Municipal Utility District Recycled Water Authority (the "Authority") is a public entity established pursuant to California Government Code Section 6500 et seq. The Authority was created in accordance with the terms of a Joint Exercise of Powers Agreement, dated June 28, 1995, between Dublin San Ramon Services District (DSRSD) and East Bay Municipal Utility District (EBMUD). The Authority was established to supply recycled water to DSRSD and EBMUD through the construction and operation of a water recycling facility with a planned capacity of a minimum of 5.7 million gallons per day. The water recycling facility started operation on February 1, 2006.

For additional information, please see the notes to the basic financial statements.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The basic financial statements include a *statement of net position*, a *statement of revenues*, *expenses*, and *changes in net position*, a *statement of cash flows*, and *notes to financial statements*. The report also contains other required supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

The Authority's basic financial statements include:

The *statement of net position* presents information on the Authority's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. It provides information about the nature and amount of resources and obligations at year-end.

The statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position presents the results of the Authority's operations over the course of the fiscal year and information as to how the net position changed during the year.

The *statement of cash flows* presents changes in cash and cash equivalents resulting from operational, capital, and related financing, and investing activities. This statement summarizes the annual flow of cash receipts and cash payments, without consideration of the timing of the event giving rise to the obligation or receipt.

The notes to basic financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the basic financial statements. The notes to basic financial statements can be found on pages 10 to 16 of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Years Ended June 30, 2025 and 2024

Financial Analysis:

Table 1 summarizes net position at June 30, 2025 and 2024, and Table 2 summarizes revenues, expenses and changes in net position for the years ended June 30, 2025 and 2024. Both tables also include changes from the prior year.

Table 1 Summary of Net Position June 30, 2025 and 2024

	2025	2024	Variance		
Assets:					
Current assets	\$ 4,197,827	\$ 4,547,189	\$ (349,362)		
Capital assets	65,814,972	67,468,193	(1,653,221)		
Total assets	70,012,799	72,015,382	(2,002,583)		
Liabilities:					
Current liabilities	2,031,677	2,316,383	(284,706)		
Long-term liabilities		632,787	(632,787)		
Total liabilities	2,031,677	2,949,170	(917,493)		
Net position:					
Net investment in capital assets	65,182,185	65,245,460	(63,275)		
Unrestricted	2,798,937	3,820,752	(1,021,815)		
Total net position	\$ 67,981,122	\$ 69,066,212	\$ (1,085,090)		

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Years Ended June 30, 2025 and 2024

Table 2
Summary of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position
Years ended June 30, 2025 and 2024

	2025	2024	Variance
Operating revenue:	\$ 9,876,571	\$ 8,807,505	\$ 1,069,066
Operating expenses:			
Professional services	(5,561)	(5,452)	(109)
General and administrative	(337,422)	(364,457)	27,035
Operation and maintenance	(6,167,593)	(5,888,236)	(279,357)
Depreciation	(2,309,060)	(2,318,822)	9,762
Total operating expenses	(8,819,636)	(8,576,967)	(242,669)
Nonoperating income (expenses):			
Investment and other income	253,427	199,666	53,761
Reimbursement of Member Contributions	(2,339,884)	-	(2,339,884)
Interest on state loan	(55,568)	(94,347)	38,779
Total other income (expenses)	(2,142,025)	105,319	(2,247,344)
Change in net position	(1,085,090)	335,857	(1,420,947)
Total net position - beginning	69,066,212	68,730,355	335,857
Total net position - ending	\$ 67,981,122	\$ 69,066,212	\$ (1,085,090)

- Current assets of the Authority decreased by \$0.35 million due to a decrease in cash and receivables from the prior year.
- The net position of the Authority decreased by \$1.09 million from the prior year. The reason for this decrease was a decrease in current and capital assets of \$2.00 million offset by a decrease in current and long-term liabilities of \$0.92 million.
- Capital assets as of June 30, 2025 decreased by \$1.65 million due to a higher depreciation amount over capital expenditures.
- Total liabilities as of June 30, 2025 decreased by \$0.92 million from the prior year. The principal reason for the decrease was a \$0.63 million decrease in the outstanding loan balance and a decrease of \$0.29 million in accounts payable and payables to members.
- The Authority borrowed a 20-year loan in the amount of \$24.7 million with a 2.5% fixed interest rate. After repayment of the nineteenth installment of \$1.65 million for fiscal year 2025, as of June 30, 2025, \$0.63 million was the liability outstanding.

Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide readers with a general overview of the Dublin San Ramon Services District/East Bay Municipal Utility District Recycled Water Authority's finances and demonstrate the Authority's accountability for the assets and liabilities it manages. If you have any questions about this report or need additional information, please contact: DERWA Treasurer, Jacqueline Lee, P.O. Box 24055, MS #809, Oakland, California 94623.

Statements of Net Position June 30, 2025 and June 30, 2024

ASSETS	2025	2024
Current Assets: Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2) Investments (Note 2) Receivables:	\$ 1,054,350 1,105,760	\$ 1,218,368 1,056,358
East Bay Municipal Utility District Dublin San Ramon Services District City of Pleasanton Interest receivable	471,796 934,365 619,793 11,763	634,740 1,363,098 263,158 11,467
Total current assets	4,197,827	4,547,189
Capital Assets (Note 3): Structures, buildings, and equipment Less accumulated depreciation	101,527,356 (38,073,736)	101,229,387 (35,764,676)
Subtotal	63,453,620	65,464,711
Land and rights-of-way Construction in progress	1,890,978 470,374	1,890,978 112,504
Total capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	65,814,972	67,468,193
Total assets	70,012,799	72,015,382
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities:		
Current portion of State loan payable (Note 5) Accounts payable Payable to members: East Bay Municipal Utility District Dublin San Ramon Services District	632,787 12,219 10,623	1,589,946 7,693 17,744
	1,376,048	701,000
Total current liabilities	2,031,677	2,316,383
Long-term Liabilities: State loan payable (Note 5)		632,787
Total noncurrent liabilities		632,787
Total liabilities	2,031,677	2,949,170
NET POSITION (Note 1) Net Investment in capital assets Unrestricted	65,182,185 2,798,937	65,245,460 3,820,752
Total net position	\$ 67,981,122	\$ 69,066,212

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position June 30, 2025 and June 30, 2024

	2	2025		2024
Operating revenue:				
Contributions from members	\$	8,504,014	\$	7,932,993
Contributions from others		1,372,557		874,512
Total contributions		9,876,571		8,807,505
Operating (expenses):				
Professional services		(5,561)		(5,452)
General and administrative		(337,422)		(364,457)
Operation and maintenance	(6,167,593)		(5,888,236)
Depreciation (Note 3)	(2,309,060)		(2,318,822)
Total operating (expenses)	(8,819,636)	,	(8,576,967)
Net operating income		1,056,935		230,538
Nonoperating revenue (expense):				
Interest and other income		253,427		199,666
Reimbursement of Member Contributions	(2,339,884)		-
Interest on state loan		(55,568)		(94,347)
Total nonoperating revenue (expenses)	(2,142,025)		105,319
Changes in net position	(1,085,090)		335,857
Total net position - beginning	6	9,066,212		68,730,355
Total net position - ending	\$ 6	7,981,122	\$	69,066,212

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Statements of Cash Flows For the Years Ended June 30, 2025 and June 30, 2024

	2025	2024
Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received for sales of water Cash paid for supplies and services	\$ 10,111,613 (5,838,123)	\$ 8,925,226 (6,146,291)
Net cash provided by operating activities	4,273,490	2,778,935
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Cash paid to member agencies Cash paid for interest Cash paid on state loan Cash paid for construction of capital assets	(2,339,884) (55,567) (1,589,946) (655,839)	(94,347) (1,551,166) (448,022)
Net cash (used) in capital and related financing activities	(4,641,236)	(2,093,535)
Cash flows provided by investing activities: Interest and other income received Net (decrease) in cash and equivalents, and	253,130	195,829
investments	(114,616)	881,229
Cash and equivalents, and investments at beginning of period	2,274,726	1,393,497
Cash and equivalents, and investments at end of period	\$ 2,160,110	\$ 2,274,726
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents and investments to amounts reported on the statement of net position: Cash and cash equivalents Investments Cash and equivalents, and investments at end of period	1,054,350 1,105,760 \$ 2,160,110	1,218,368 1,056,358 \$ 2,274,726
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Operating income Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:	\$ 1,056,935	\$ 230,538
Depreciation Changes in operating assets and liabilities: Accounts receivable Accounts payable	2,309,060 235,042 672,453	2,318,822 117,721 111,854
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 4,273,490	\$ 2,778,935

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Years Ended June 30, 2025 and 2024

NOTE 1 -NATURE OF ORGANIZATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Description of Reporting Entity

The Dublin San Ramon Services District/East Bay Municipal Utility District Recycled Water Authority (the "Authority") is a public entity established pursuant to California Government Code Section 6500 et seq. The Authority was created in accordance with the terms of a Joint Exercise of Powers Agreement, dated June 28, 1995, between Dublin San Ramon Services District (DSRSD) and East Bay Municipal Utility District (EBMUD). The Authority was established to supply recycled water to DSRSD and EBMUD through the construction and operation of a water recycling facility with a planned capacity of a minimum of 5.7 million gallons per day. The water recycling facility is fully operational.

An additional member, or members, may be added to the Authority upon request evidenced by submission of a certified copy of a resolution adopted by the governing body of the public agency requesting membership in the Authority. Such request must be approved by the governing bodies of all the existing members. The Board may require a party seeking to become a member to meet any terms and conditions the Board deems appropriate.

The facilities became operational on February 1, 2006. Operation and maintenance expenses are allocated based on each member's actual usage. General and administrative expenses were allocated equally to DSRSD and EBMUD during the first year of operation ending on March 31, 2007; after the first operation year, the costs are allocated based on the member's actual water usage. Capital costs', including debt service, is allocated based on each member's proportional value of capital assets assigned to each member agency.

B. Basis of Accounting

The accompanying financial statements report the financial position of the Authority in accordance with accounting standards generally accepted in the United States of America. As the Authority is a governmental entity, the preparation of its financial statements is governed by the pronouncements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

The Authority, as a proprietary enterprise, is accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus using the accrual basis of accounting. Measurement focus refers to what is being measured; basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements.

The Authority distinguishes *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the Authority's principal ongoing operations. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Statement of Net Position – The statement of net position is designed to display the financial position of the Authority. The Authority's fund equity is reported as net position, which is the excess of all of the Authority's assets over all its liabilities. Net Position is divided into three captions under GASB Statement 34. As of June 30, 2025 the Authority reported the following classifications of net position:

- Net investment in capital assets describes the Authority's capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- Unrestricted describes the portion of Net Position which is not restricted to use.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Years Ended June 30, 2025 and 2024

NOTE 1 -NATURE OF ORGANIZATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position – The statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position is the operating statement for proprietary funds. Revenues are reported by major source. This statement distinguishes between operating and nonoperating revenues and expenses and presents a separate subtotal for operating revenues, operating expenses, and operating income.

C. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclose contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

D. Capital Assets

The additions to capital assets are capitalized at historical cost. Cost includes material, direct labor and fringe benefits, transportation, and such indirect items as engineering, supervision, and interest on borrowed funds during construction, net of interest earned on unspent construction proceeds. Repairs, maintenance, and minor purchases of equipment are charged to expenses as incurred.

The purpose of depreciation is to spread the cost of capital assets equitably among all customers over the life of these assets. The amount charged to depreciation expense each year represents that year's pro rata share of depreciable capital assets.

Depreciation of all capital assets in service, excluding land, is charged as an expense against operations each year and the total amount of depreciation taken over the years, called accumulated depreciation, is reported on the balance sheet as a reduction in the book value of the capital assets.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method of depreciation, which means the cost of the asset is divided by its expected useful life in years and the result is charged to expense each year until the assets is fully depreciated. The Authority has assigned the useful lives listed below to capital assets:

Utility plant:	Years
Water Treatment	20-75
Pumping Plants	25-75
Reservoirs	25-100
Pipeline	25-75

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Authority considers all highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

F. Fair Value Measurements

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The Authority categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Years Ended June 30, 2025 and 2024

NOTE 1 -NATURE OF ORGANIZATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

The fair value hierarchy categorizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three levels based on the extent to which inputs used in measuring fair value are observable in the market.

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 inputs are inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for an asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for an asset or liability.

If the fair value of an asset or liability is measured using inputs from more than one level of the fair value hierarchy, the measurement is considered to be based on the lowest priority level input that is significant to the entire measurement.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

A. Composition

The Authority's cash and cash equivalents at June 30 consisted of the following deposits and investments held by EBMUD on the Authority's behalf:

	2025			2024
Demand deposits with banks	\$	1,054,350	,	1,218,368
Local Agency Investment Fund		1,105,760		1,056,358
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,160,110	_ (2,274,726

B. Collateralization of Cash and Cash Equivalents

California law requires banks and savings and loan institutions to pledge government securities with a market value of 110% of the Authority's cash on deposit or first trust deed mortgage notes with a value of 150% of the Authority's cash on deposit as collateral for these deposits. Under California law this collateral is held in an investment pool by an independent financial institution in the Authority's name and places the Authority ahead of general creditors of the institution pledging the collateral. The Authority has waived collateral requirements for the portion of deposits covered by federal deposit insurance.

The Authority's investments are carried at fair value, as required by generally accepted accounting principles. The Authority adjusts the carrying value of its investments to reflect their fair value at each fiscal year end, and it includes the effects of these adjustments in income for that fiscal year.

C. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. As an external investment pool, the Local Agency Investment Fund was not rated as of June 30, 2025 and 2024.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Years Ended June 30, 2025 and 2024

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

D. Fair Value Hierarchy

The Authority categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure fair value of the assets. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in an active market for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The California Local Agency Investment Fund is exempt from classification for fair value hierarchy.

E. Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Normally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The Authority generally manages its interest rate risk by purchasing a combination of short-term and long-term investments and holding investments to maturity. The Authority's only investment is in the California Local Agency Investment Fund which can be withdrawn at any time usually within a day.

F. Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)

The Authority is a participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF), which is regulated by California Government Code §16429 under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The value of the pool shares in LAIF is determined on an amortized cost basis, which is different from the fair value of its position in the pool. Authority's investments with LAIF at June 30, 2025 and 2024 included a portion of the pool funds invested in Structured Notes and Asset-Backed Securities. These investments included the following:

- Structured Notes are debt securities (other than asset-backed securities) whose cash-flow characteristics (coupon rate, redemption amount, or stated maturity) depend upon one or more indices and/or that have embedded forwards or options.
- Asset-Backed Securities, the bulk of which are mortgage-backed securities, entitle their purchasers to receive
 a share of the cash flows from a pool of assets, such as principal and interest repayments from a pool of
 mortgages (such as Collateralized Mortgage Obligations) or credit card receivables.

As of June 30, 2025 and 2024, the Authority had investments of \$1,105,760 and \$1,056,358, respectively, invested in LAIF, which had invested 3.81% and 3.00% of the pooled investment funds in Structured Notes and Asset-Backed Securities.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Years Ended June 30, 2025 and 2024

NOTE 3 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets as of June 30, 2025, consist of land, not being depreciated and capital assets being depreciated. The capital assets began depreciation effective February 2006. Construction of capital assets is funded through member contributions. Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2025 was as follows:

	Balance at June 30, 2024			Balance at June 30, 2025		
Capital assets not being depreciated:						
Land and rights-of-way	\$ 1,890,978	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,890,978		
Construction in progress	112,504	655,839	(297,969)	470,374		
Total capital assets not being depreciated	2,003,482	655,839	(297,969)	2,361,352		
Capital assets, being depreciated:						
Water treatment	43,016,622	297,969	-	43,314,591		
Pumping plants	13,792,192	-	-	13,792,192		
Reservoirs	14,439,008	-	-	14,439,008		
Pipelines	29,981,565			29,981,565		
Total capital assets being depreciated	101,229,387	297,969		101,527,356		
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Water treatment	(14, 166, 262)	(1,075,844)	-	(15,242,106)		
Pumping plants	(5,882,730)	(344,805)	-	(6,227,535)		
Reservoirs	(5,285,211)	(288,780)	-	(5,573,991)		
Pipelines	(10,430,473)	(599,631)		(11,030,104)		
Total accumulated depreciation	(35,764,676)	(2,309,060)		(38,073,736)		
Net capital assets being depreciated	65,464,711	(2,011,091)		63,453,620		
Capital assets, net	\$ 67,468,193	\$ (1,355,252)	\$ (297,969)	\$ 65,814,972		

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Years Ended June 30, 2025 and 2024

NOTE 3 - CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2024 was as follows:

	Balance at June 30, 2023						Pons and Retirements and Transfers, net		Balance at June 30, 2024		
Capital assets not being depreciated:											
Land and rights-of-way	\$	1,890,978	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,890,978			
Construction in progress		149,785		448,022		(485,303)		112,504			
Total capital assets not being depreciated	<u></u>	2,040,763		448,022		(485,303)		2,003,482			
Capital assets, being depreciated:											
Water treatment		42,802,010		214,612		-		43,016,622			
Pumping plants		13,792,192		-		-		13,792,192			
Reservoirs		14,439,008		-		-		14,439,008			
Pipelines		29,710,874		270,691				29,981,565			
Total capital assets being depreciated		100,744,084		485,303				101,229,387			
Less accumulated depreciation for:											
Water treatment		(13,095,092)	((1,071,170)		-		(14,166,262)			
Pumping plants		(5,537,925)		(344,805)		-		(5,882,730)			
Reservoirs		(4,996,431)		(288,780)		-		(5,285,211)			
Pipelines		(9,816,405)		(614,068)				(10,430,473)			
Total accumulated depreciation		(33,445,853)	((2,318,823)				(35,764,676)			
Net capital assets being depreciated		67,298,231	([1,833,520]				65,464,711			
Capital assets, net	\$	69,338,994	\$ ((1,385,498)	\$	(485,303)	\$	67,468,193			

NOTE 4 - COMMERCIAL PAPER NOTES PAYABLE

The Authority's Board of Directors authorized a short-term commercial paper borrowing program of up to \$50,000,000 on December 15, 2003. The proceeds from the issuance of commercial paper are used to finance the acquisition and construction of facilities for the treatment, transmission, distribution and storage of recycled water. Under the program, the Authority may issue commercial paper notes at the prevailing interest rate for periods not more than 270 days from the date of issuance. To provide liquidity support for the program, the Authority would maintain a liquidity support agreement (letter of credit) with a commercial bank. The commercial paper notes and any bank notes issued under the program are payable solely from revenues of the Authority after payment of specific operating and maintenance expenses. The Authority does not currently have a liquidity support agreement with a commercial bank and would have to secure an agreement before issuing new commercial paper. All then outstanding commercial paper notes under the program were retired in Fiscal Year 2011 and no new commercial paper notes have been issued since that time. As of June 30, 2025, there were no commercial paper notes outstanding under this program.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Years Ended June 30, 2025 and 2024

NOTE 5 – LONG TERM DEBT

A. Composition and Change

The Authority's Board of Directors authorized a long-term borrowing program from the State Water Resource Control Board of up to \$24,764,850 on July 25, 2005. The Authority drew down \$22,993,368 as of the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, the proceeds from which were used to finance the acquisition and construction of facilities for the treatment, transmission, distribution and storage of recycled water. As of June 30, 2008, the Authority drew down an additional amount of \$1,685,283. The loan has a 20-year term at a 2.5% fixed interest rate. The repayment of the loans and interest are made in annual installments commencing on July 1, 2007. The loan is collateralized solely by the revenues of the Authority, after payment of specific operating and maintenance expenses.

The following is the activity in the State Loan Program during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025:

	Balance June 30, 2024			etirements	Balance le 30, 2025
2006 State Water Resource Loan					
2.5%, due 07/25/2025	\$	2,222,733	\$	1,589,946	\$ 632,787
Less amount due within one year		1,589,946			632,787
Noncurrent portion	\$	632,787	\$	1,589,946	\$

The following is the activity in the State Loan Program during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024:

	Balance June 30, 2023			Retirements			Balance ne 30, 2024
2006 State Water Resource Loan						_	
2.5%, due 07/25/2025	\$	3,773,899	9	\$	1,551,166		\$ 2,222,733
Less amount due within one year		1,551,166			-	_	1,589,946
Noncurrent portion	\$	2,222,733		\$	1,551,166		\$ 632,787

B. Debt Service Requirements

Annual debt service requirements are shown below for the loan:

Year ending June 30	Principal		Interest		Total	
2026	\$	632,787	\$ 15,820		\$	648,607
Totals	\$	632,787	\$ 15,820		\$	648,607

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Years Ended June 30, 2025 and 2024

NOTE 6 - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

DSRSD is responsible for the operation of the facility. DSRSD and EBMUD both provide professional services that are capitalized as well as administrative services. In addition, as the Authority does not have any employees, EBMUD provides certain treasury management and accounting services including conducting all cash transactions and providing for the annual audit. The two members received the following total reimbursements for their services for the years ended June 30:

	2025	 2024
DSRSD	\$ 6,710,378	\$ 5,794,693
EBMUD	45,508	52,130
	\$ 6,755,886	\$ 5,846,823

NOTE 7 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The Authority's liability and property risks are insured by commercial insurance carriers. Selected insurance coverages include:

Coverage	Policy limit		
Bodily injury	\$	10,000,000	
Property damage		10,000,000	
Personal injury		10,000,000	
Non-owned and hired automobile liability		10,000,000	
Public officials errors and omissions		10,000,000	
Fire damage liability		1,000,000	
Employment practices liability		5,000,000	

Any liability the Authority may have for uninsured claims is limited to general liability claims. However, the Authority has experienced no losses from such claims during the preceding three years and it therefore believes there is no liability for claims incurred but not reported.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Directors
Dublin San Ramon Services District/
East Bay Municipal Utility District Recycled Water Authority
Oakland, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the Dublin San Ramon Services District/ East Bay Municipal Utility District Recycled Water Authority (the "Authority") as of and for the years ended June 30, 2025, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 7, 2025.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Authority's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements, on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Authority's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.





To the Board of Directors
Dublin San Ramon Services District/
East Bay Municipal Utility District Recycled Water Authority

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Authority's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

LSL, LLP

Sacramento, California November 7, 2025